ISSN - 0974-2719

Indian Journal of Community Psychology



An official Publication of the Community Psychology Association of India

Volume 17

Issue I & II

March & September, 2023

Indian Journal of Community Psychology is an official Journal of the Community Psychology Association of India (CPAI). The CPAI was founded in 1987 at Lucknow University with the aim to serve the communities.

Editorin Chief	:	Surendra Nath Dubey
		Former Principal and Head
		Department of Psychology
		K.S.Saket P.G.College, Ayodhya
		Faizabad-224123
		Email: drsndubey@gmail.com
Associate Editor	:	Ramjee Lal, Jaunpur

Editorial Consultants :

Sachin Jain, USAMoniqueKristina M. Faimon, USAV.GanesP.C.Mishra, IndiaS.KarunMadhurima Pradhan, IndiaGandharNovrattan Sharma, IndiaArti BakV.D.Swaminathan, IndiaSadhan ISandeep Singh Rana, IndiaBelay TeG.Rajesh, IndiaSatara

Monique McCrea, USA V.Ganesan,India S.Karunanidhi, India Gandharva R.Joshi, India Arti Bakhshi,India Sadhan Dasgupta,India Belay Tefera,Ethiopia

Indian Journal of Community Psychology is published two times a year in March and September.

UGC list of Journals:

Indian Journal of Community Psychology is included in the UGC list of Journals in Applied Psychology at S.No.260 and Journal No.64804 (till May 02, 2018).

Abstracting and Indexing:

IJCP is an Indexed and Referred Journal. IJCP is abstracted and indexed in PsycINFO database of American Psychological Association.IJCP is a peer reviewed UGC Listed Journal of International repute.

Copyright: All rights reserved. No part of this publication be reproduced, stored or transmitted in any form or by any means without the prior permission of the Editor.

All the Editorial Correspondence should be addressed to:

Professor S. N. Dubey, Editor Indian Journal of Community Psychology State Bank Colony, Bachhara Road, Faizabad – 224 001 (U.P.), India email : drsndubey@gmail.com Phone: +91-8787259707, +91 94150 39619

Website: www.ijcpind.com

Indian Journal of Community Psychology

Volume 17Issue I&II March & September, 2023

Community Psychology Association of India Registered Under Act 21, 1860, No. G. 12186 Secretariat: Department of Applied Psychology Purvanchal University Jaunpur – 222002 (U.P.) Mobile: +91-9452261436 E-mail: drramjeelal@rediffmail.com

Executive Committee

Patron:	Prof. R.S. Singh Prof. N.K. Saksena Prof. M.R. Rastogi	Rewa Kanpur Lucknow		
President: Vice-President:	Prof.A.V.S.Madnavat Prof. Arti Bakhshi Dr.A.N.Rai Prof. G.K.Nanda	Jaipur Jammu Ghazipur Bhubneswar		
General Secretary (HQ):	Prof. Ramjee Lal	Kushinagar		
General Secretary (OS):	Prof. S.N. Dubey	Ayodhya		
Joint Secretary:	Dr.P.K.Khattri Dr. Madhu Asthana Dr.Rita Rani Talukdar	Lucknow Varanasi Guwahati		
Members:	Dr.N.Deshmukh Prof. Sadhandas Gupta Dr. Rashmi Mishra Prof. Suninder Tung Prof. Sandeep Rana	Nashik Kolkata Kanpur Amritsar Hisar		
Academic Council Chairperson:Prof. Promila Batra Rohtak				
Vice-Chairperson:	Prof.Ravi Gunthe Prof. Madhurima Pradhan Prof. U.P. Singh	Jodhpur Lucknow Bodhgaya		
Convener:	Dr. Kumud Srivastava	Lucknow		
Members:	Prof. Samir Patel Prof. Kalpana Jain Dr. Reena Singh Dr. Anita Sharma Dr. Rajesh Ganesan	Anand Udaipur Bhopal Shimla Tripura		

Volume 17Issue I&II March &September, 2023

Indian Journal of Community Psychology

CONTENTS

•	Dimension of religiosity: A psychological viewpoint Gobind, Krishan Kumar Sony and Rakesh Kumar Behmani	1-7
•	Teaching aptitude as a predictor of achievement motivation and self concept among B.Ed students studying in private colleges of teacher education in district Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh. Prakash Sankhyan	8-17
•	Impact of COVID-19 on rural educational system of IndiaPramod Kumar, Vivek Singh, Ravi P. Pandey, Tanya Sharma and Deepak Kumar	18-23
•	The Harmonious Coexistence of Buddhism, Psychology, and Spirituality Gautam Makwana	24-29
•	Impact of social support on the organizational commitment of managers Shraddha Singh and P.C. Mishra	30-41

Dimension of religiosity: A psychological viewpoint Gobind*, Krishan Kumar Sony** and Rakesh Kumar Behmani***

There are cultural disparities in religion, for scholars; evaluating religion is a challenging assignment, because of the multidimensional nature, diversity, and variability of religion and its activities, it offers special contests for the construction of psychometrically sound instruments of the concept. Although measuring religion may necessitate extraordinary research efforts on the part of researchers, it could also be a "boon" for the field's continued creditability, acquiescence as a subject of interest in sociocultural scientific research, and psychology for psychological adjustment and clinical psychology research. While the evaluation of spirituality and religion has advanced significantly over the past few decades, the dominant model of intrinsic and extrinsic religiousness in the psychology of religion-has come under growing scrutiny. Despite Gorsuch's (1984) warning to the contrary, several additional measures have been devised. The path of the sector's new legislation reflects how strongly personal nature has been adopted by religion and spirituality, its postmodern offspring. Additionally, there are still issues with several measurement-related complications, including bias. Social attractiveness, ceiling effects, illusory spiritual health, and lack of definitional accuracy. This article reviews popular international and Indian tools for measuring religion that have good theoretical underpinnings and psychometric qualities.

Keywords: Religion, Religious Fundamentalism, Spirituality, Faith

INTRODUCTION

Religious concerns in people's lives have an impact on multiple areas of scientific psychology, including applied rehabilitative psychology, counseling services, and clinical and health psychology. Spirituality and religion are vital aspects of our culture, and they both affect a person's personality and lifestyle. It is the universal assumption that people believe in a God who lives in the shape of a man (Although this belief is debatable). The terms "religiosity" and "belief in God" are often used interchangeably. Religion represents a group of people who adhere to a belief system, activities, or ideas. As a result, religion is a social practice that focuses on a belief system that includes values, laws and rituals. It is constructed around the social relationship. This is based on Clarke and Jenning's (2008) most recent definition of religion, which is the most relevant to this topic. Religion is generally related to components of thought and conduct, such as spirituality that is rooted in a religious community or tradition and is associated with the *Research Scholar, ***Professor, Department of Applied Psychology, Guru

Jambheshwar University of Science & Technology, Hisar, India **,Associate Professor, Department of Psychiatry,Post Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh, India.

Teaching aptitude as a predictor of achievement motivation and self concept among B.Ed students studying in private colleges of teacher education in district Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh. Prakash Sankhyan*

This study was conducted on 217 B.Ed. students studying in three Teacher Education colleges of District Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh. The aim of study was to know the relationship of teaching aptitude with achievement motivation and self concept among B.Ed. students. The standardized questionnaires were used to assess the teaching aptitude, achievement motivation and self concept of B.Ed. students. The results of the study shows that the average score of teaching aptitude, achievement motivation and self concept of the B.Ed. students were 91.65, 75.62 and 50.60 respectively and there was no significant difference between male and female B.Ed. students as well as B.Ed. students belonging to rural and urban background on teaching aptitude, self concept and achievement motivation. Result also reveals that positive and significant relationships were emerged of teaching aptitude with p < .01)). The results of multiple regression analyses reveals that teaching aptitude was considered for the prediction of 8.8% achievement motivation and 7.0% self concept among B.Ed. students.

Keywords: Teaching Aptitude, Self Concept, Achievement Motivation, B.Ed. students.

INTRODUCTION

Education plays a pivotal role in the growth and development of any nation. It is the teachers who play a significant role in imparting knowledge to the children are the strength of the nation. The destiny of our future generation is in the hands of teachers because they shape the children and mould their behaviour. To discharge their duties effectively they should have aptitude towards teaching. Only then, they will perform their job effectively. The secondary school teachers are the key persons in preparing the prospective scientists, artists, players, administrators, social workers etc. in their class rooms. Their teaching aptitude makes them do well in the class rooms. Teaching is a profession- indeed a noble one, conceptually and ideally. And it is also different from other professions because of its multitude of dimensions. Teachers are the largest professional group engaged in human development activities. Singh (2015) believed that no nation can rise above the level of its teachers and it is the teacher who plays pivotal role in the educational * Lecturer(Psychology), DIET Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh, India.

[©] Community Psychology Association of India, 2023

Impact of COVID-19 on rural educational system of India

Pramod Kumar**, Vivek Singh**, Ravi P. Pandey*, Tanya Sharma** and Deepak Kumar**

The government has taken many steps to prevent the spread of coronavirus in the whole country by imposing a lockdown, which was started by the "Janta Curfew" on March 22, 2020, to implement a lockdown in the whole country as well as spreading social awareness through various platforms like mass media and social media like washing hands regularly and keeping physical and social distance. The government had also divided geographical areas according to the intensity of the virus, in particular areas like the yellow zone, orange zone, red zone, etc. Covid-19 affected every stratum of society, whether it was agriculture, industrial, education, political work, or social welfare programs on a large scale.

The focus of this study is to cover the problems faced by the education sector in rural India during the pandemic and highlight the issues faced by students, teachers, families, society, etc. The significance of this research in people's lives may be vast by studying problems which have been faced by the rural population as well as the poorer sections of society because they are not very efficient in technology as well as in terms of resources.

Keywords: Impact, COVID-19 Pandemic, Rural Education System

INTRODUCTION

There might be someone in the world who doesn't know about the COVID-19 pandemic. The way the coronavirus epidemic spread its outbreak in the beginning, it can never be forgotten in human civilization. There is hardly any sector left which has not been affected by COVID-19, be it the industrial sector or the educational sector. On the one hand, where the effect of the coronavirus disease was negative on our lives, on the other hand, it has also given some benefit to our nature.

From ancient times till today, there has been a gradual change in our educational system, irrespective of the reason for that change. In this sequence, the COVID-19 disease has changed our education. Previously, the entire school curriculum was conducted offline, and students could easily access education. However, as a result of the COVID-19 disease, the current educational system has faced numerous challenges.

Rural Education System:

India is the second largest populated country after China (O'Neill, 2022). At present, India has a population of 138 crore, which is divided into two parts: rural and urban. Approximately 65 per cent of *Assistant Professor, **Research scholars, Department of Psychology, Central University of Haryana, Mahendergarh, India.

The Harmonious Coexistence of Buddhism, Psychology, and Spirituality Gautam Makwana*

Buddhism and psychology have a long history of interaction. Counseling alternatives include Buddhism and positive psychology, which is the study of the mind. Aspects of mindfulness found in Buddhism and positive psychology contribute to the peace of mind that comes from spirituality.

Aim: The relationship between Buddhism, psychology, and spirituality is discussed in this article.

Conclusion: Today's society requires an understanding of the connections between Buddhism, psychology, and spirituality since so many individuals have emotional and interpersonal difficulties. Buddhism, spirituality, and psychology all function independently to help people overcome issues with their relationships, economies, societies, and cultures.

Key Words: Buddhism, Psychology, Spirituality, Mental Health, Religion, etc.

INTRODUCTION

Modern psychology focuses on a wide range of subjects based on human behaviour and mental processes, from the brain to the cultural levels. Wilhelm Wundt, a physiologist, investigated response time in the 18th century using scientific methods. He concentrated on links between physiology and the study of human behaviour in his book 'Principles of Physiological Psychology'. According to structuralist theory, human consciousness may be divided into smaller components. In America, psychology was successful in the 18th century. The renowned American psychologist William James released his book, 'The Principles of Psychology'. He became renowned as the founding father of American psychology after the release of this book. Functionalists place more emphasis on the function of consciousness and behaviour than on the parts that make up consciousness.

Buddhism and Psychology:

The eminent psychotherapist James Jung and Carl Rogers both emphasised the inclusion of spiritual elements in counselling psychology. Although psychologists' ideas and points of view on the

^{*} Research Scholar, Ph.D (Social Work), School of Social Sciences, Department of Social Work, Mizoram University, Aizawl 796004, Mizoram, India, Address:: Avenida Amazonas N2020 y Av. 18 de Septiembre Quito 170526, Ecuador, South America.

Impact of social support on the organizational commitment of managers Shraddha Singh* and P.C. Mishra*

Organizational behavior is a field of study that investigates the impact that individuals, groups, and structures have on behavior within an organization and then it applies that knowledge to make organization work more effectively. Organizational commitment is an important job-related attitude. It reflects an individual's identification with and loyalty to the organization. Commitments are the glue that bind one person to another in a relationship. Person relations on the job are very important to organizational commitment. The broader the network of social support from other workers, management, family and friends the more it tends to relieve strain and serves as a buffer against stress, thereby enhancing the organizational commitment.

In the present research study, an empirical attempt has been made to examine the impact of social support on the organizational commitment of managers. For this, Organizational commitment Scale developed and standardized by Meyer and Allen (1984) and Social Support Scale developed and standardized by Cohen et al (1985) were administered on a sample of 200 managers of Tata Refractory Ltd., Belpahar, Jharsuguda, Orissa. The appropriate statistics used in this study are mean, standard deviation, and critical ratio to find out the impact of social support (overall and area wise) on the organizational commitment of managers. The obtained results revealed the significant positive effect of social support (overall and its three areas, namely tangible support, appraisal support, and belonging support) on the organizational commitment of managers.

Keywords: Appraisal Support, Belonging Support, Managers, Organizational Commitment, Social Support, Tangible Support

INTRODUCTION

Organizational commitment:

Recently, organizational commitment attitude has emerged out of the research literature as being important to understanding and predicting organizational behavior.

As an attitude, organizational commitment is most often defined as: A strong desire to remain a member of a particular organization;

A willingness to exert high levels of effort on behalf of the organization; and A definite belief in, and acceptance of, the values and goals of the organization. In other words, this is an attitude reflecting employees' loyalty to their organization and is an ongoing process, through which organizational participants express their concern for the organization and its continued success and well-

^{*} Department of Psychology, Lucknow University, Lucknow, India

[©] Community Psychology Association of India, 2023

STATMENT SHOWING OWNERSHIP AND OTHER PARTICULARS ABOUT INDIAN JOURNAL OF COMMUNITY PSYCHOLOGY (IJCP)

Place of Publication	:	Department of Psychology K. S. Saket P. G. College Faizabad – 224001 (U.P.)			
Periodicity of Publication	:	Half Yearly			
Publisher's Name & Address	:	Dr. Surendra Nath Dubey, Secretary Community Psychology Association of India Department of Psychology K. S. Saket P. G. College Faizabad – 224001 (U.P.)			
Nationality	:	Indian			
Printer's Name & Address	:	Dr. Surendra Nath Dubey, Secretary Community Psychology Association of India New Colony, Bachhara Road Faizabad – 224001 (U.P.), India			
Nationality	:	Indian			
Editor's Name & Address	:	Dr. Surendra Nath Dubey New Colony, Bachhara Road Faizabad – 224001 (U.P.), India			
Nationality	:	Indian			
Owner's Name & Address	:	Dr. Surendra Nath Dubey, Secretary Community Psychology Association of India New Colony, Bachhara Road, Faizabad.			
Nationality	:	Indian			
I, Dr. S. N. Dubey, hereby declare that the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Sd/- Dr. Surendra Nath Dubey, Editor Indian Journal of Community Psychology (IJCP).					
Printed and Published by Dr. S. N. Dubey, Secretary, Community Psychology Association of India and Printed at: M/s Keshav Prakashan, Civil Lines, Allahabad (U.P.) Editor: Dr. S. N. Dubey					

Community Psychology Association of India

(Regd. Under Act 21, 1860, No. G. 12186)

MEMBERSHIP FORM

То		
Dr. S. N. Dubey	Membership Fee:	
General Secretary	Annual – Rs. 500/-	
(Fill the follow	ving in Capital Letters)	
Name (in full)		
Designation		
Academic Qualification		
Experience	Teaching Research	
Office Address		
Mailing Address		
	Phone Mobile	
E-mail ID		
Sir, I am sending herewith a Der	nand Draft*/ Money Order for Rs.	
being my subscription as a Annu	al member of the CPAI.	

Date : _____ Signature Subscription for life members of CPAI: Life Members of CPAI are requested to subscribe IJCP by paying Rs.200/- annually since March 2014 issue of the Journal.

* Demand Draft should be in the name of Dr. S. N. Dubey payable at Faizabad and be sent to Dr. S. N. Dubey, New Colony, Bachhara Road, Faizabad – 224001 (U.P.), India.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTRIBUTORS

The Journal seeks to publish articles related to community problems, theory, research and practice

All the articles are reviewed by the Editorial Consultants. Articles are evaluated according to the following criteria:

a. Significance of Contributionb. Adequacy of Research Methodsd. Clarity of Presentation

We invite special articles that advance our understanding of community problems, community mental health and intervention techniques stimulating debate and discussion.

All articles should comply with the following guidelines: **Submission:** Authors should email their manuscript at drsurendra_fzd@yahoo.co.in together with one identical hard copy. Articles may also be submitted on a CD prepared in MS Word along with the identical hard copy.

Manuscripts should be prepared in accordance with the format prescribed by the American Psychological Association. They should not exceed **15 double** spaced typed pages. Authors will receive the decision on their manuscripts within **6 Months** of receipt. They may also be requested to see the final proof of their articles.

Anonymous Reviews: If authors wish to be referred anonymously, they should state so and prepare their manuscripts with identities showing on the title page only.

Title: The Title should be concise and should be on separate sheet together with the Author's Name(s), Current Position, Address, Telephone, Fax, E_mail followed by an abstract of 50-200 words. A short title of not more than 40 characters should also be given.

Acknowledgment: Acknowledgment should be brief as possible on a separate page or as footnote on the first page.

Table and Graphs: Table and graphs should be in the text. Width of tables should not exceed 4.5 inches. Kindly do not make boxes and lines but keep the data separated by tabs either.

Statistics: Results of the statistical analysis should be given as F(2,10)=6.50, P<.05. Similarly, for t and other tests. © Community Psychology Association of India, 2023

RNI: UPENG / 2009 / 29620

References : The APA style of referencing be used. All the works cited in the text should be listed alphabetically and **must not be** numbered. References should follow the text and their style be as follows :

1. Books:

Fisher, S. and Cooper, C. (1990). On the Move. New York : Wiley.

2. Chapter in Cited Book :

Tanenbaum, G. and Bar-eli, M. (1993). Decision-making in sports : A cognitive perspective. In R.N. Singer, M. Murphy and L.K. Tennant (Eds.) Handbook of Research on sport Psychology (pp. 171-192), New York : Mac millan.

3. Journal Article :

Baby J. (2004). Relaxation : The Yogasana Way. Indian Journal of Community Psychology, 1(1), 200-216.

Declaration :

The articles must be accompanied with an undertaking that the same has not been published else where and is not under review by another publication. The opinions and statements published are the responsibilities of the authors and do not represent the policies of CPAI or the views of Editor. Rejected Articles will not be returned unless supported by postage.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS:

The Journal includes Research Articles, Book Reviews, News about conferences etc. and letters to editor. The Annual Subscription rates are :

	India	Foreign
Institution	Rs. 1200.00	US \$100.00
Advertisement Tariff :		Rates Rs
Back Cover Page		10000.00
Inside Cover Page (Back)		7000.00
Full Page		5000.00
HalfPage		3000.00
Extra Amount for Coloured Insertion Per Page		6000.00
de of Payment ·		

Mode of Payment :

Demand Draft of any bank payable at Faizabad and should be in favour of Surendra Nath Dubey.